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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/600,203	06/20/2003	Grant M. Kloster	42P17058	8820
8791	7590 08/03/2005		EXAM	INER
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN 12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD SEVENTH FLOOR			NGUYEN, KHIEM D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030			2823	
			DATE MAILED: 08/03/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/600,203	KLOSTER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Khiem D. Nguyen	2823			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r l. a reply within the statutory minimum of thin briod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tatute, cause the application to become AE	reply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. SANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		•			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 0	5 May 2005.				
	This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims		,			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14,16,18-27 and 29-38</u> is/are per 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>18-25</u> is/are without 5) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>10-14 and 16</u> is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9,26,27 and 29-38</u> is/are rejected 7) □ Claim(s) <u>is/are objected to.</u> 8) □ Claim(s) <u>are subject to restriction and the subject to restrict the subjec</u>	drawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 June 2003</u> is/are	D⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 June 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ice. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. nents have been received in A priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)			
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	Paper No(s	s)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

The non-final rejection as set forth in paper No. (012705) is withdrawn in response to applicants' amendments. A new rejection is made as set forth in this Office Action. Claims (1-14, 16, 18-27, and 29-38) are pending in the application in which claims 18-25 are withdrawn from consideration.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

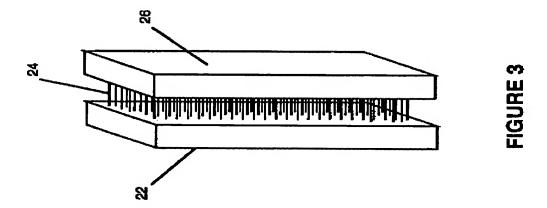
The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-9, 26-27, and 29-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Poco et al. (U.S. Patent 6,168,737).

In re claim 1, <u>Poco</u> discloses a method, comprising: forming a layer of first material between two substrates 22, 26 of a stacked device; forming a layer of second material between the two substrates 22, 26 of the stacked device (col. 4, lines 48-64 and FIG. 3),



wherein the second material causes a reaction (to create the polymer foam 24) in a portion of the first material (col. 3, lines 27-37).

In re claim 2, <u>Poco</u> discloses that the reaction comprises polymerization (col. 3, lines 27-37).

In re claim 3, the process of diffusing the material between a portion of the two substrate is well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made.

In re claim 4, it is inherent that in order to create the polymer foam 24 (col. 3, line 27 to col. 4, line 64 and FIG. 3) as disclosed by Poco, the first material must be selected from the group consisting of: diisocyanate monomers, a diisocyanate end-capped compliant oligomer, and p-toluenesulfonyl semicarbazide.

In re claim 5, the processes of injecting the first material between a portion of the two substrates of the stacked device, spraying the first material between the portion of the two substrates of the stacked device, and immersing the two substrates of the stacked device in the first material is well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made.

In re claim 6, the process of diffusing the second material between a portion of the two substrates of the stacked device is well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made.

In re claim 7, it is inherent that in order to create the polymer foam 24 (col. 3, line 27 to col. 4, line 64 and FIG. 3) as disclosed by Poco, the second material must be

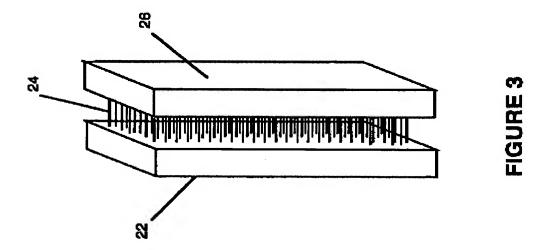
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selected from the group consisting of: water, a hydroxyl end-capped oligomer, and a carboxylic acid end-capped polymer.

In re claim 8, the processes of injecting the second material between a portion of the two substrates of the stacked device, spraying the second material between the portion of the two substrates of the stacked device, and immersing the two substrates of the stacked device in the second material is well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made.

In re claim 9, <u>Poco</u> discloses that the reaction produces a polymer foam **24** (col. 3, lines 27-37).

In re claim 26, <u>Poco</u> discloses a method, comprising: forming a layer of material between two substrates 22, 26 of a stacked device col. 4, lines 48-64 and FIG. 3); and



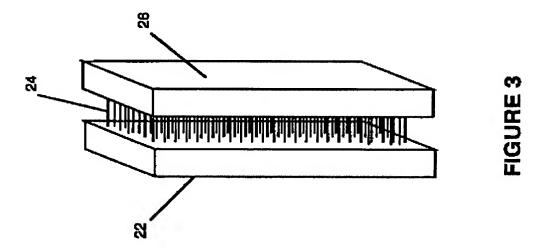
reacting a portion of the layer of material, wherein the reaction (to create the polymer foam 24) results in the portion of the layer of material increasing in volume (col. 3, lines 27-37).

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In re claim 27, **Poco** discloses that the reaction comprises polymerization (col. 3, lines 27-37).

In re claim 29, Poco discloses that the reaction produces a polymer foam 24 (col. 3, lines 27-37).

In re claim 30, Poco discloses a method comprising: depositing a first material between two substrates 22, 26 of a stacked device (col. 4, lines 48-64 and FIG. 3); depositing a second material between the two substrates of the stacked device; and filling a portion of the area between the two substrate with a polymer foam 24 as a product of a reaction between the first material and the second material (col. 3, lines 27-37 and FIG. 3).



In re claim 31, the processes of diffusing the first material into a portion of the area between the two substrates; injecting the first material into the portion of the area between the two substrates; spraying the first material into the portion of the area between the two substrates; or immersing the two substrates in the first material is wellknown to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made.

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In re claim 32, it is inherent that in order to create the polymer foam 24 (col. 3, line 27 to col. 4, line 64 and FIG. 3) as disclosed by Poco, the first material must be selected from the group consisting of: diisocyanate monomers, a diisocyanate end-capped compliant oligomer, and p-toluenesulfonyl semicarbazide.

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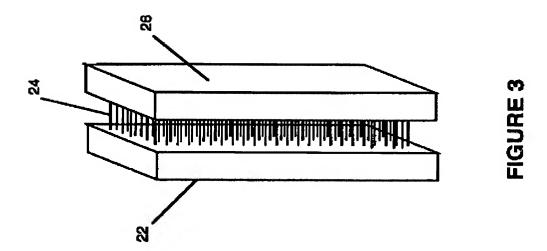
In re claim 33, the processes of diffusing the second material into a portion of the area between the two substrates; injecting the second material into the portion of the area between the two substrates; spraying the second material into the portion of the area between the two substrates; or immersing the two substrates in the second material is well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made.

In re claim 34, it is inherent that in order to create the polymer foam 24 (col. 3, line 27 to col. 4, line 64 and FIG. 3) as disclosed by Poco, the second material must be selected from the group consisting of: water, a hydroxyl end-capped oligomer, and a carboxylic acid end-capped polymer.

In re claim 35, <u>Poco</u> discloses a method comprising: forming a layer of material on a substrate 22, 26 including an interconnect structure formed thereon; removing a portion of the layer of material to expose a top surface of the interconnect structure; combining the substrate 22, 26 with another substrate (col. 4, lines 48-64 and FIG. 3); and

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filling the area between the two substrates 22, 26 with a polymer foam 24 as a product of a reaction in the layer of material (col. 3, lines 27-37).

In re claim 36, <u>Poco</u> discloses that the reaction in the layer of material further comprising polymerization (col. 3, lines 27-37).

In re claim 37, <u>Nakao</u> discloses forming the layer of material further comprising forming the layer of material to a thickness greater than the top surface of the interconnect structure (FIG. 3).

In re claim 38, it is inherent that in order to create the polymer foam 24 (col. 3, line 27 to col. 4, line 64 and FIG. 3) as disclosed by Poco, the layer material must be selected from the group consisting of: water, a hydroxyl end-capped oligomer, and a carboxylic acid end-capped polymer.

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 10-14, and 16 are allowed.

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khiem D. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1865. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:30 AM - 5:30 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

K.N. July 27<sup>th</sup>, 2005

> W. DAVID COLEMAN PRIMARY EXAMINER